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- (iv) Assistance in administering medications that are ordinarily self-administered.
- (4) Hospice aides must report changes in the patient's medical, nursing, rehabilitative, and social needs to a registered nurse, as the changes relate to the plan of care and quality assessment and improvement activities. Hospice aides must also complete appropriate records in compliance with the hospice's policies and procedures.
- (h) Standard: Supervision of hospice aides. (1) A registered nurse must make an on-site visit to the patient's home:
- (i) No less frequently than every 14 days to assess the quality of care and services provided by the hospice aide and to ensure that services ordered by the hospice interdisciplinary group meet the patient's needs. The hospice aide does not have to be present during this visit.
- (ii) If an area of concern is noted by the supervising nurse, then the hospice must make an on-site visit to the location where the patient is receiving care in order to observe and assess the aide while he or she is performing care.
- (iii) If an area of concern is verified by the hospice during the on-site visit, then the hospice must conduct, and the hospice aide must complete a competency evaluation in accordance with §418.76(c).
- (2) A registered nurse must make an annual on-site visit to the location where a patient is receiving care in order to observe and assess each aide while he or she is performing care.
- (3) The supervising nurse must assess an aide's ability to demonstrate initial and continued satisfactory performance in meeting outcome criteria that include, but is not limited to—
- (i) Following the patient's plan of care for completion of tasks assigned to the hospice aide by the registered
- (ii) Creating successful interpersonal relationships with the patient and family.
- (iii) Demonstrating competency with assigned tasks.
- (iv) Complying with infection control policies and procedures.
- (v) Reporting changes in the patient's condition.

- (i) Standard: Individuals furnishing Medicaid personal care aide-only services under a Medicaid personal care benefit. An individual may furnish personal care services, as defined in §440.167 of this chapter, on behalf of a hospice agency.
- (1) Before the individual may furnish personal care services, the individual must be found competent by the State (if regulated by the State) to furnish those services. The individual only needs to demonstrate competency in the services the individual is required to furnish.
- (2) Services under the Medicaid personal care benefit may be used to the extent that the hospice would routinely use the services of a hospice patient's family in implementing a patient's plan of care.
- (3) The hospice must coordinate its hospice aide and homemaker services with the Medicaid personal care benefit to ensure the patient receives the hospice aide and homemaker services he or she needs.
- (j) Standard: Homemaker qualifications. A qualified homemaker is—
- (1) An individual who meets the standards in §418.202(g) and has successfully completed hospice orientation addressing the needs and concerns of patients and families coping with a terminal illness; or
- (2) A hospice aide as described in §418.76.
- (k) Standard: Homemaker supervision and duties. (1) Homemaker services must be coordinated and supervised by a member of the interdisciplinary group.
- (2) Instructions for homemaker duties must be prepared by a member of the interdisciplinary group.
- (3) Homemakers must report all concerns about the patient or family to the member of the interdisciplinary group who is coordinating homemaker services.

[73 FR 32204, June 5, 2008, as amended at 74 FR 39413, Aug. 6, 2009]

## §418.78 Conditions of participation—Volunteers.

The hospice must use volunteers to the extent specified in paragraph (e) of this section. These volunteers must be used in defined roles and under the supervision of a designated hospice employee.

- (a) Standard: Training. The hospice must maintain, document, and provide volunteer orientation and training that is consistent with hospice industry standards.
- (b) Standard: Role. Volunteers must be used in day-to-day administrative and/or direct patient care roles.
- (c) Standard: Recruiting and retaining. The hospice must document and demonstrate viable and ongoing efforts to recruit and retain volunteers.
- (d) Standard: Cost saving. The hospice must document the cost savings achieved through the use of volunteers. Documentation must include the following:
- (1) The identification of each position that is occupied by a volunteer.
- (2) The work time spent by volunteers occupying those positions.
- (3) Estimates of the dollar costs that the hospice would have incurred if paid employees occupied the positions identified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section for the amount of time specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.
- (e) Standard: Level of activity. Volunteers must provide day-to-day administrative and/or direct patient care services in an amount that, at a minimum, equals 5 percent of the total patient care hours of all paid hospice employees and contract staff. The hospice must maintain records on the use of volunteers for patient care and administrative services, including the type of services and time worked.

## Subpart D—Conditions of participation: Organizational Environment

SOURCE: 73 FR 32204, June 5, 2008, unless otherwise noted.

## § 418.100 Condition of Participation: Organization and administration of services.

The hospice must organize, manage, and administer its resources to provide the hospice care and services to patients, caregivers and families necessary for the palliation and management of the terminal illness and related conditions.

- (a) Standard: Serving the hospice patient and family. The hospice must provide hospice care that—
- (1) Optimizes comfort and dignity; and
- (2) Is consistent with patient and family needs and goals, with patient needs and goals as priority.
- (b) Standard: Governing body and administrator. A governing body (or designated persons so functioning) assumes full legal authority and responsibility for the management of the hospice, the provision of all hospice services, its fiscal operations, and continuous quality assessment and performance improvement. A qualified administrator appointed by and reporting to the governing body is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the hospice. The administrator must be a hospice employee and possess education and experience required by the hospice's governing body.
- (c) Standard: Services. (1) A hospice must be primarily engaged in providing the following care and services and must do so in a manner that is consistent with accepted standards of practice:
  - (i) Nursing services.
  - (ii) Medical social services.
  - (iii) Physician services.
- (iv) Counseling services, including spiritual counseling, dietary counseling, and bereavement counseling.
- (v) Hospice aide, volunteer, and homemaker services.
- (vi) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology services.
  - (vii) Short-term inpatient care.
- (viii) Medical supplies (including drugs and biologicals) and medical appliances.
- (2) Nursing services, physician services, and drugs and biologicals (as specified in §418.106) must be made routinely available on a 24-hour basis 7 days a week. Other covered services must be available on a 24-hour basis when reasonable and necessary to meet the needs of the patient and family.
- (d) Standard: Continuation of care. A hospice may not discontinue or reduce care provided to a Medicare or Medicaid beneficiary because of the beneficiary's inability to pay for that care.